2011 GENERAL SESSION STATE OF UTAH Chief Sponsor: Christopher N. Herrod Senate Sponsor: Wayne L. Niederhauser  NG TITLE neral Description: This bill modifies the Motor and Special Fuel Tax Act by amending provisions relating tax on liquified natural gas. thlighted Provisions: This bill:
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This bill:
<ul><li>amends the definition of clean fuel;</li></ul>
• provides that beginning on July 1, 2011, a tax is imposed at a reduced rate on
ified natural gas per gasoline gallon equivalent; and
<ul> <li>makes technical changes.</li> </ul>
ney Appropriated in this Bill:
None
ner Special Clauses:
None
h Code Sections Affected:
ENDS:
<b>59-13-102</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 258
<b>59-13-301</b> , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapters 153 and 382
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28	<b>59-13-102.</b> Definitions.
29	As used in this chapter:
30	(1) "Aviation fuel" means fuel that is sold at airports and used exclusively for the
31	operation of aircraft.
32	(2) "Clean fuel" means:
33	(a) the following special fuels:
34	(i) propane;
35	(ii) compressed natural gas; [or]
36	(iii) liquified natural gas; or
37	[(iii)] (iv) electricity; or
38	(b) any motor or special fuel that meets the clean fuel vehicle standards in the federal
39	clean Air Act Amendments of 1990, Title II.
40	(3) "Commission" means the State Tax Commission.
41	(4) (a) "Diesel fuel" means any liquid that is commonly or commercially known,
42	offered for sale, or used as a fuel in diesel engines.
43	(b) "Diesel fuel" includes any combustible liquid, by whatever name the liquid may be
44	known or sold, when the liquid is used in an internal combustion engine for the generation of
45	power to operate a motor vehicle licensed to operate on the highway, except fuel that is subject
46	to the tax imposed in Part 2, Motor Fuel, and Part 4, Aviation Fuel, of this chapter.
47	(5) "Distributor" means any person in this state who:
48	(a) imports or causes to be imported motor fuel for use, distribution, or sale, whether at
49	retail or wholesale;
50	(b) produces, refines, manufactures, or compounds motor fuel in this state for use,
51	distribution, or sale in this state;
52	(c) is engaged in the business of purchasing motor fuel for resale in wholesale
53	quantities to retail dealers of motor fuel and who accounts for his own motor fuel tax liability;
54	or
55	(d) for purposes of Part 4, Aviation Fuel, only, makes retail sales of aviation fuel to:
56	(i) federally certificated air carriers; and
57	(ii) other persons.
58	(6) "Dyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is dyed in accordance with 26 U.S.C. Sec.

4082 or United States Environmental Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service
 regulations and that is considered destined for nontaxable off-highway use.

- (7) "Exchange agreement" means an agreement between licensed suppliers where one is a position holder in a terminal who agrees to deliver taxable special fuel to the other supplier or the other supplier's customer at the loading rack of the terminal where the delivering supplier holds an inventory position.
- (8) "Federally certificated air carrier" means a person who holds a certificate issued by the Federal Aviation Administration authorizing the person to conduct an all-cargo operation or scheduled operation, as defined in 14 C.F.R. Sec. 119.3.
- (9) "Fuels" means any gas, liquid, solid, mixture, or other energy source which is generally used in an engine or motor for the generation of power, including aviation fuel, clean fuel, diesel fuel, motor fuel, and special fuel.
- (10) "Highway" means every way or place, of whatever nature, generally open to the use of the public for the purpose of vehicular travel notwithstanding that the way or place may be temporarily closed for the purpose of construction, maintenance, or repair.
- (11) "Motor fuel" means fuel that is commonly or commercially known or sold as gasoline or gasohol and is used for any purpose, but does not include aviation fuel.
  - (12) "Motor fuels received" means:

- (a) motor fuels that have been loaded at the refinery or other place into tank cars, placed in any tank at the refinery from which any withdrawals are made directly into tank trucks, tank wagons, or other types of transportation equipment, containers, or facilities other than tank cars, or placed in any tank at the refinery from which any sales, uses, or deliveries not involving transportation are made directly; or
- (b) motor fuels that have been imported by any person into the state from any other state or territory by tank car, tank truck, pipeline, or any other conveyance at the time when, and the place where, the interstate transportation of the motor fuel is completed within the state by the person who at the time of the delivery is the owner of the motor fuel.
- (13) (a) "Qualified motor vehicle" means a special fuel-powered motor vehicle used, designed, or maintained for transportation of persons or property which:
- (i) has a gross vehicle weight or registered gross vehicle weight exceeding 26,000 pounds;

90	(ii) has three or more axles regardless of weight; or
91	(iii) is used in a combination of vehicles when the weight of the combination of
92	vehicles exceeds 26,000 pounds gross vehicle weight.
93	(b) "Qualified motor vehicle" does not include a recreational vehicle not used in
94	connection with any business activity.
95	(14) "Rack," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a deck, platform, or open bay which
96	consists of a series of metered pipes and hoses for the delivery or removal of diesel fuel from a
97	refinery or terminal into a motor vehicle, rail car, or vessel.
98	(15) "Removal," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means the physical transfer of diesel
99	fuel from a production, manufacturing, terminal, or refinery facility and includes use of diesel
100	fuel. Removal does not include:
101	(a) loss by evaporation or destruction; or
102	(b) transfers between refineries, racks, or terminals.
103	(16) (a) "Special fuel" means any fuel regardless of name or character that:
104	(i) is usable as fuel to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon the public highways of
105	the state; and
106	(ii) is not taxed under the category of aviation or motor fuel.
107	(b) Special fuel includes:
108	(i) fuels that are not conveniently measurable on a gallonage basis; and
109	(ii) diesel fuel.
110	(17) "Supplier," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a person who:
111	(a) imports or acquires immediately upon importation into this state diesel fuel from
112	within or without a state, territory, or possession of the United States or the District of
113	Columbia;
114	(b) produces, manufactures, refines, or blends diesel fuel in this state;
115	(c) otherwise acquires for distribution or sale in this state, diesel fuel with respect to
116	which there has been no previous taxable sale or use; or
117	(d) is in a two party exchange where the receiving party is deemed to be the supplier.
118	(18) "Terminal," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means a facility for the storage of
119	diesel fuel which is supplied by a motor vehicle, pipeline, or vessel and from which diesel fuel

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is removed for distribution at a rack.

121	(19) "Two party exchange" means a transaction in which special fuel is transferred
122	between licensed suppliers pursuant to an exchange agreement.
123	(20) "Undyed diesel fuel" means diesel fuel that is not subject to the dyeing
124	requirements in accordance with 26 U.S.C. Sec. 4082 or United States Environmental
125	Protection Agency or Internal Revenue Service regulations.
126	(21) "Use," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means the consumption of special fuel for
127	the operation or propulsion of a motor vehicle upon the public highways of the state and
128	includes the reception of special fuel into the fuel supply tank of a motor vehicle.
129	(22) "User," as used in Part 3, Special Fuel, means any person who uses special fuel
130	within this state in an engine or motor for the generation of power to operate or propel a motor
131	vehicle upon the public highways of the state.
132	(23) "Ute tribal member" means an enrolled member of the Ute tribe.
133	(24) "Ute tribe" means the Ute Indian Tribe of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation.
134	(25) "Ute trust land" means the lands:
135	(a) of the Uintah and Ouray Reservation that are held in trust by the United States for
136	the benefit of:
137	(i) the Ute tribe;
138	(ii) an individual; or
139	(iii) a group of individuals; or
140	(b) specified as trust land by agreement between the governor and the Ute tribe meeting
141	the requirements of Subsections 59-13-201.5(3) and 59-13-301.5(3).
142	Section 2. Section <b>59-13-301</b> is amended to read:
143	59-13-301. Tax basis Rate Exemptions Revenue deposited with treasurer
144	and credited to Transportation Fund Reduction of tax in limited circumstances.
145	(1) (a) Except as provided in Subsections (2), (3), (11), and (12) and Section
146	59-13-304, a tax is imposed at the same rate imposed under Subsection 59-13-201(1)(a) on the:
147	(i) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any refinery;
148	(ii) removal of undyed diesel fuel from any terminal;
149	(iii) entry into the state of any undyed diesel fuel for consumption, use, sale, or
150	warehousing;
151	(iv) sale of undyed diesel fuel to any person who is not registered as a supplier under

152	this part unless the tax has been collected under this section;
153	(v) any untaxed special fuel blended with undyed diesel fuel; or
154	(vi) use of untaxed special fuel other than propane or electricity.
155	(b) The tax imposed under this section shall only be imposed once upon any special
156	fuel.
157	(2) (a) No special fuel tax is imposed or collected upon dyed diesel fuel which:
158	(i) is sold or used for any purpose other than to operate or propel a motor vehicle upon
159	the public highways of the state, but this exemption applies only in those cases where the
160	purchasers or the users of special fuel establish to the satisfaction of the commission that the
161	special fuel was used for purposes other than to operate a motor vehicle upon the public
162	highways of the state; or
163	(ii) is sold to this state or any of its political subdivisions.
164	(b) No special fuel tax is imposed on undyed diesel fuel or clean fuel that <u>is</u> :
165	(i) [is] sold to the United States government or any of its instrumentalities or to this
166	state or any of its political subdivisions;
167	(ii) [is] exported from this state if proof of actual exportation on forms prescribed by
168	the commission is made within 180 days after exportation;
169	(iii) [is] used in a vehicle off-highway;
170	(iv) [is] used to operate a power take-off unit of a vehicle;
171	(v) [is] used for off-highway agricultural uses;
172	(vi) [is] used in a separately fueled engine on a vehicle that does not propel the vehicle
173	upon the highways of the state; or
174	(vii) [is] used in machinery and equipment not registered and not required to be
175	registered for highway use.
176	(3) No tax is imposed or collected on special fuel if it is:
177	(a) (i) purchased for business use in machinery and equipment not registered and not
178	required to be registered for highway use; and
179	(ii) used pursuant to the conditions of a state implementation plan approved under Title
180	19, Chapter 2, Air Conservation Act; or
181	(b) propane or electricity.
182	(4) Upon request of a buyer meeting the requirements under Subsection (3), the

Division of Air Quality shall issue an exemption certificate that may be shown to a seller.

(5) The special fuel tax shall be paid by the supplier.

- 185 (6) (a) The special fuel tax shall be paid by every user who is required by Sections
  186 59-13-303 and 59-13-305 to obtain a special fuel user permit and file special fuel tax reports.
  - (b) The user shall receive a refundable credit for special fuel taxes paid on purchases which are delivered into vehicles and for which special fuel tax liability is reported.
  - (7) (a) Except as provided under Subsections (7)(b) and (c), all revenue received by the commission from taxes and license fees under this part shall be deposited daily with the state treasurer and credited to the Transportation Fund.
  - (b) An appropriation from the Transportation Fund shall be made to the commission to cover expenses incurred in the administration and enforcement of this part and the collection of the special fuel tax.
  - (c) Five dollars of each special fuel user trip permit fee paid under Section 59-13-303 may be used by the commission as a dedicated credit to cover the costs of electronic credentialing as provided in Section 41-1a-303.
  - (8) The commission may either collect no tax on special fuel exported from the state or, upon application, refund the tax paid.
  - (9) (a) The United States government or any of its instrumentalities, this state, or a political subdivision of this state that has purchased special fuel from a supplier or from a retail dealer of special fuel and has paid the tax on the special fuel as provided in this section is entitled to a refund of the tax and may file with the commission for a quarterly refund in a manner prescribed by the commission.
  - (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund provided for in Subsection (9)(a).
  - (10) (a) The purchaser shall pay the tax on diesel fuel or clean fuel purchased for uses under Subsections (2)(b)(i), (iii), (iv), (v), (vi), and (vii) and apply for a refund for the tax paid as provided in Subsection (9) and this Subsection (10).
  - (b) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the commission shall make rules governing the application and refund for off-highway and nonhighway uses provided under Subsections (2)(b)(iii), (iv), (vi), and (vii).

214	(c) A refund of tax paid under this part on diesel fuel used for nonhighway agricultural
215	uses shall be made in accordance with the tax return procedures under Section 59-13-202.
216	(11) (a) Beginning on April 1, 2001, a tax imposed under this section on special fuel is
217	reduced to the extent provided in Subsection (11)(b) if:
218	(i) the Navajo Nation imposes a tax on the special fuel;
219	(ii) the tax described in Subsection (11)(a)(i) is imposed without regard to whether the
220	person required to pay the tax is an enrolled member of the Navajo Nation; and
221	(iii) the commission and the Navajo Nation execute and maintain an agreement as
222	provided in this Subsection (11) for the administration of the reduction of tax.
223	(b) (i) If but for Subsection (11)(a) the special fuel is subject to a tax imposed by this
224	section:
225	(A) the state shall be paid the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) if that
226	difference is greater than \$0; and
227	(B) a person may not require the state to provide a refund, a credit, or similar tax relief
228	if the difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(ii) is less than or equal to \$0.
229	(ii) The difference described in Subsection (11)(b)(i) is equal to the difference
230	between:
231	(A) the amount of tax imposed on the special fuel by this section; less
232	(B) the tax imposed and collected by the Navajo Nation on the special fuel.
233	(c) For purposes of Subsections (11)(a) and (b), the tax paid to the Navajo Nation on
234	the special fuel does not include any interest or penalties a taxpayer may be required to pay to
235	the Navajo Nation.
236	(d) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
237	commission shall make rules governing the procedures for administering the reduction of tax
238	provided under this Subsection (11).
239	(e) The agreement required under Subsection (11)(a):
240	(i) may not:
241	(A) authorize the state to impose a tax in addition to a tax imposed under this chapter;
242	(B) provide a reduction of taxes greater than or different from the reduction described
243	in this Subsection (11); or
244	(C) affect the power of the state to establish rates of taxation;

245	(ii) shall:
246	(A) be in writing;
247	(B) be signed by:
248	(I) the chair of the commission or the chair's designee; and
249	(II) a person designated by the Navajo Nation that may bind the Navajo Nation;
250	(C) be conditioned on obtaining any approval required by federal law;
251	(D) state the effective date of the agreement; and
252	(E) state any accommodation the Navajo Nation makes related to the construction and
253	maintenance of state highways and other infrastructure within the Utah portion of the Navajo
254	Nation; and
255	(iii) may:
256	(A) notwithstanding Section 59-1-403, authorize the commission to disclose to the
257	Navajo Nation information that is:
258	(I) contained in a document filed with the commission; and
259	(II) related to the tax imposed under this section;
260	(B) provide for maintaining records by the commission or the Navajo Nation; or
261	(C) provide for inspections or audits of suppliers, distributors, carriers, or retailers
262	located or doing business within the Utah portion of the Navajo Nation.
263	(f) (i) If, on or after April 1, 2001, the Navajo Nation changes the tax rate of a tax
264	imposed on special fuel, any change in the amount of the reduction of taxes under this
265	Subsection (11) as a result of the change in the tax rate is not effective until the first day of the
266	calendar quarter after a 60-day period beginning on the date the commission receives notice:
267	(A) from the Navajo Nation; and
268	(B) meeting the requirements of Subsection (11)(f)(ii).
269	(ii) The notice described in Subsection (11)(f)(i) shall state:
270	(A) that the Navajo Nation has changed or will change the tax rate of a tax imposed on
271	special fuel;
272	(B) the effective date of the rate change of the tax described in Subsection
273	(11)(f)(ii)(A); and
274	(C) the new rate of the tax described in Subsection (11)(f)(ii)(A).
275	(g) If the agreement required by Subsection (11)(a) terminates, a reduction of tax is not

276	permitted under this Subsection (11) beginning on the first day of the calendar quarter after a
277	30-day period beginning on the day the agreement terminates.
278	(h) If there is a conflict between this Subsection (11) and the agreement required by
279	Subsection (11)(a), this Subsection (11) governs.
280	(12) (a) Beginning on January 1, 2009, a tax imposed under this section on compressed
281	natural gas is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be
282	increased or decreased proportionately with any increase or decrease in the rate in Subsection
283	59-13-201(1)(a).
284	(b) Beginning on July 1, 2011, a tax imposed under this section on liquified natural gas
285	is imposed at a reduced rate of 8-1/2 cents per gasoline gallon equivalent to be increased or
286	decreased proportionately with any increase or decrease in the rate in Subsection
287	59-13-201(1)(a).

Legislative Review Note as of 11-30-10 1:10 PM

Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel

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